

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME 29:

CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1875.

NUMBER 93.

REAL ESTATE:

PARK RIDGE

LOTS!

Wake Up!

LOTS FOR \$100.

Only \$15 down, and \$5 monthly.
On the 8th of next month they
will be \$200.

EXCURSIONS

Leave my office every day at 8
o'clock in the morning and 3 in the
afternoon. All parties who

Mean Business

Are taken out FREE, and those who
do not mean business, please defer
your trip until Dec. 7, when the Lots
will be \$200. Then we will have
more time, and the weather will be
cooler.

I ALSO HAVE

40 Lots at Hyde Park, - \$600 each
100 Lots at Evanston, - \$500 each
200 Lots at Desplaines, - \$200 each
400 Lots at Lake Side, - \$100 each
300 Lots at Glenview, - \$100 each
800 Lots at Thornton, - \$100 each
1,600 Lots at Homewood, - \$100 each
2,400 Lots at San Diego, Cal., \$100 each

Remember, that you get an
abstract with all property pur-
chased of me, and also save
commissions, as I deal in noth-
ing but my own property.

IRA BROWN,
142 LaSalle-st.,
ROOM 4.

SILKS.

Attractive Bargains
IN

BLACK
SILK!
AT
MANDEL
BROTHERS.

121 & 123 State-st.,
Twenty-second-st. and Michigan-av.

NOTE THE FOLLOWING PRICES:

\$1.50 Guine's Black Silk - \$1.20
1.75 Guine's Black Silk - 1.35
2.00 Guine's Black Silk - 1.50
2.50 Guine's Black Silk - 1.75
3.00 Guine's Black Silk - 2.00
3.50 Guine's Black Silk - 2.50
4.00 Guine's Black Silk - 2.90
4.50 Guine's Black Silk - 3.25

ALSO

50 PIECES

ALL-SILK LYONS

CLOAKING VELVET!

OF THE SAME POPULAR MAKE,

AT

\$8, \$9, \$10, \$12, worth \$10, \$12,
\$14, \$16.

An examination of the above goods
is earnestly solicited.

"Samples sent on application."

Dr. Kean,

ARK-ST., CHICAGO,

Long engaged thus
in the treatment of Chil-

dren. Dr. J. K. KEAN,
M.D., has been for over
10 years past a successful
and popular practitioner.

His practice is now
largely confined to the
treatment of children.

He is a graduate of the
University of Illinois, and
has received a full course
of medical education at
the University of Michigan.

He is a member of the
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of Carpenter about the Ring, the *Sentinel* as carefully refrains from denying as it has done from publishing the most damaging disclosures of its secret history.

Now, as to the *Sentinel*. Thomson was ousted from the control of that paper that it might be made a Carpenter organ. This was effected by an additional issue of the *Sentinel*, which cost the \$6,000 paid for the stock that gave control of the *Sentinel* to the present management was raised by the Whisky Ring, and the Carpenter.

Mr. Murphy, his partner, as far as fees. That, at least, was the form of the transaction, and Carpenter and Murphy are at once for the Ring, and it was against them and their disreputable friends that it was directed. In fact, Senator Douglass's structure were directed, and from that time the *Sentinel* became the super-serviceable tool of the Ring, even as it now is.

In conclusion—will the Senator and Carpenter be allowed to make good? Mr. Senator Douglass's structure was directed, and from that time the *Sentinel* became the super-serviceable tool of the Ring, even as it now is.

Miss Bessie Nichols gave a party to her young friends Saturday evening. A very pleasant evening was passed with music, games and dancing.

Mr. Arthur Reed leaves for golden Colorado Wednesday, on account of his health. His departure will be much regretted by the young people of this place, with whom he is very popular.

The裴生ian public meeting—which in other words, means a college club-meeting—was an immense success; the chapel being crowded by the elite of the place. Gratuities amounted to \$100.00, and the裴生ian were the entertainers of the evening. All were good, and some were of a high order of excellence.

The enlarged Whetstone Library is looked for with interest.

INTER-OCEANIC SHIP-CANAL.

The Various Routes—A Preference Given to the Nicaragua One.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—The Commission appointed by the Secretary of the Navy to investigate the merits of the various ship-canals proposed for connecting the Pacific and Atlantic Oceans has prepared a report which will be presented to Congress to-morrow. Gen. George E. Pickett, General-in-Chief, U. S. Army, and Capt. Patterson, of the Coast Survey, constitute the Commission. The problem of connecting the two oceans has occupied the attention, as the reports say, of statesmen, navigators, and mariners for at least 375 years.

The enormous saving of distance, time, cost, and risk which it would give to the world has been carefully tabulated. There remains nothing to show but the feasibility of the route. This, the Commissioners' report claims, has been done in the surveys made upon the Nicaragua route. The Commission examined all the reports of surveys that have been made. Under the Darien route there are several distinct surveys: The Nap-pi, recently reported, in these disputes by Lieut. Colgate; the Caledonia, the Saarid, and the San Blas. Besides these are the reports upon the Tehuantepec, the Nicoya, and the Panama routes. The surveys of the Panama and Nicoya routes were made by Capt. Lyle, of the Navy, Capt. Schenck, of the Navy, surveyed the Tehuantepec route, and Capt. Seifridge, of the Navy, the others. All these gentlemen were before the commission in its recent examination, and with maps and notes to write up to me. But we were probably ready to-morrow. He pleased quietly when arraigned. This afternoon Pleasant Sparre and Hiram B. Snyder, revenue officers of Patoka, were brought to the city under arrest for conspiracy to defraud the government.

ELSEWHERE.

INDIANAPOLIS.

Proceedings There Yesterday.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 30.—The first batch of whisky cases was called in the United States Court. All pleaded guilty save the Bingham brothers, whose bond was forfeited. The following is a list of the defendants: Prof. C. Everman, John E. Phillips, Robert Miller, David M. Lewis, George Hayes, John F. Craig, Charles C. Corcoran, William Monroe, Jerome O'Brien, and Col. Simonson. Sentence was reserved until statements could be heard from attorneys, which will probably be to-morrow. The Bingham brothers are represented by Gen. Shackelton and Col. Denby, of Evansville, and the other defendants by Gen. Denby, of this city. Frank Latimer, whose arrest was seconded by Prof. C. Everman, was indicted for receiving an illicit still in Clay County, which he entered a plea of guilty; but these were mitigating circumstances in the case. The Court was very lenient with him. The fines imposed were only being inflicted. James K. Hill, Deputy Collector of the First District, pleaded not guilty, and will be tried next week. John W. Bingham did not appear. He is to-day as he appeared last week, probably ready to-morrow. He pleaded guilty when arraigned. This afternoon Pleasant Sparre and Hiram B. Snyder, revenue officers of Patoka, were brought to the city under arrest for conspiracy to defraud the government.

MUNN ET ALIUS.

THE INDUCTION HELD IN LINCOLN.

General Orders. The City of Toledo.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 30.—The indictment which the United States Grand Jury of the Eastern District of Missouri found against Col. David Munn and D. T. Linegar, of Cairo, for complicity in the whisky frauds, has been re-sent to the office of the United States District Attorney here, and a copy has also been sent to the Hon. J. D. Ward, of Chicago, for the purpose of effecting the arrest of Col. Munn. Mr. VanDoren, District Attorney, has telephoned to Linegar to-day that his presence was desirable, and he will be here to-morrow or next day. The indictment has five counts, two of which charge conspiracy and counterfeiting, and three of which charge receiving and two charges the receipt of \$2,000 from S. M. Barton, Distillers' Agent at St. Louis. The fifth charge is illegal use of revenue stamps in connection with the distillers at St. Louis. It is to be noted that both of these will be indicted early in the next term of Court, as two of the offenses are alleged to have been committed in this State.

SUBURBAN NEWS.

LAKEVIEW.—The Board of Trustees held a special meeting Monday night, all the members being present except Commissioner Goode.

The Committee on the Lake-Shore Drive reported that consultation with the property-owners along the proposed route of the drive, and with the Lincoln Park Commissioners had resulted in the application of said Commissioners handed in with the report. The application asked for permission to construct the driveway along the following route: Beginning at the present entrance to the lake-shore, proceed northward west of the lake-shore, and running due north up Lakeview street to where it strikes the lake-shore at Melrose street, a distance of one-half a mile; thence northwardly along the shore to Superior street. Up Superior street, the drive will be 100 feet wide. Hence it runs west on Sulzer avenue, past the new pumping-works, with a width of 97 feet to Halsted street. Up the latter street it runs 1½ miles to where it turns west, the lake-shore and the drive running northwardly along the shore to the north town line. From Sulzer avenue north the width will be 150 feet. The following resolution was adopted:

That the application for the lake-shore drive be referred to the Commissioners of Lincoln Park for leave to establish, and construct, a driveway along the shores of Lake Michigan, as indicated, and the route proposed, and that the same be granted, if so recommended, and said Commissioners be requested to cause to be adopted and presented to the Board for adoption at the earliest opportunity, and in accordance with the necessary or sufficient authority to accomplish the objects of the application.

An order will now be drafted by the attorney of the Park Board for adoption by the Board as a further step in the proceedings.

Ordinances were adopted for additional water-power, follows: A 4-inch pipe on Madison street, from Sheffield to Racine avenue, and a 6-inch pipe on Green Bay road, from Grace Avenue 765 feet south; with a hydram at the terminus; a 6-inch pipe for a 6-inch pump on Madison avenue from Green Bay Road to Lake View avenue, was granted.

The contractors go on merrily with the piping, laying right through this trying weather, when a heavy rain comes on, and the work stops. We do our best to help them, for their work is hard day for their work, because endurance has made them thin. They should probably know this. A complete line will be laid on Halsted street as far south as Belmont avenue by night, and connection will be made with the main line, with the pipes laid on the ground, and expense as far as possible to the contractor and expense that would all be obviated by the canal.

To lay a few foreign power to build this canal, we may call to them for it, as it is a thing which the Commission thinks the people of this country will not tolerate. The report advances arguments sustaining the Nicaragua route, the Chinese route, which is the shortest through the Pacific, and the Suez Canal, which would be the easiest to accomplish the objects of mid-application.

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A course of lectures in contemplation for the winter, mostly by local talent. Prof. W. K. Bauer will deliver the first Wednesday, Dec. 8. Subject, "Art of Saying Things."

Tony Bryan entertains the children of the Shubert, Cohan, and Hammer families, Monday evening, with pictures shown, and the aid of a magic-lantern, in the hall of his home.

The Missionary Society meets Tuesday at 2 o'clock at Mr. Lincoln's.

Mr. C. C. Corcoran has sold one of his houses on the north side of the track. They are so pleasant, the ground so high, and the village so healthy, it is a wonder they are not all sold. The house is just enough of a bungalow to cause one to try another, and it is a great place to live in, and to wake up in, the night at any time, longer than the dropping of a pin. The house of Mr. John Johnson, about a mile out of the village, was tried by him to sell for two or two and a half, but they failed to agree, and the house was sold, which was covered of quantities of preserves, canned fruits, California wine, etc. Certain

CENTRAL AFRICA.

Stanley's Exploration of the Victoria Nyanza.

Speke's Observations and Maps Verified—At the Mouth of the Shimeeyu.

Attacks and Assaults by Hostile Natives—Through the Napoleon Channel to the Uganda Shore.

A Royal Reception—Salutes, Flags, Drums, and Soldierly.

King Mtesa—His Court, Guards, and Personal Appearance.

The American Christian Tumbles Islamism to the Ground.

New York Herald, Nov. 29.

By the European mail of the 19th inst., to hand yesterday, we have the following interesting letter reporting the travels and explorations of Mr. Henry M. Stanley, commander of the Herald and Telegraph expedition in Africa:

THE LETTER.

ULALAZA, MTEZA'S CAPITAL, UGANDA, E. Lon. 32° 49' 45" min. 45 sec. N. Lat. 0 20° 32' min. April 12, 1875.—I write this letter in a hurry, as it is the mere record of a work begun and not ended. I mean the exploration of the Victoria Nyanza. But, bring as it necessarily must be, I am sure it will interest thousands of your readers, for it solves the great question, "Is the Victoria Nyanza one lake, or does it consist of a group of lakes?" such as living streams reported to me. In answer to the query, I will begin by stating that I have explored, by means of the Lady Alice, the whole of the southern, eastern, and northeastern shores of the Victoria Nyanza, have penetrated into every one of the islands, and the mainland, and have taken thirty-seven observations, so that I feel competent to decide upon the question at issue, without bias or prejudice to any hypothesis. I have a mass of notes relating to the countries I have visited, and ample means of making a proper chart, at my camp at Usukuma; but I have neither paper, parallel rules, nor any instrument whatever, to lay down the positions I have taken with me at present. I merely took an artificial horizon, sextant, chronometer, two anchors, boating-apparatus, sounding-line, a few guns, ammunition, and some provisions, as I wished to make the boat as light as possible, that she might be easily in the stormy waters of the Nyanza. But, as far as I can judge, she has been already expended upon these surveys. It is now recognized as of the highest importance to have a chart of the lake, and I have written to the Admiralty for a copy of the latest survey of the lake, and the hydrographer has promised to supply it as soon as possible.

THE POPULATION.

Uganda occupies the northeastern coast of the Victoria Nyanza. It is bounded on the west by the Lake, and on the east by the River Ruzizi, which flows into Lake Edward, and on the north by Lake Albert, and on the south by Lake Bangwe. The islands of Lake Edward are numerous, some of which lie close to the mainland that if we had not hugged the coast closely we should have made many more.

THE GEOGRAPHICAL SITUATION.

While Uganda occupies the northeastern coast of the Nyanza, Uga occupies the northern part of the lake, and the southern part of the lake lies in the basin of the River Ruzizi, which flows into Lake Edward.

The result of my survey cannot be fully estimated, as the great saving in the carrying trade, and the facilitating of the connections between Eastern Asia and Western America with Europe cannot be readily summarized. The value of the world will be revolutionized.

The commission has made a most thorough examination of all the evidence before them, and will be able to furnish a report to-morrow.

THE GEOGRAPHICAL SURVEY OF THE LAKE.

I have already informed you that my camp at Kigeli, in Umuaka, is situated in longitude 33° 22' min. 45" sec. E. and latitude 0 20° 32' min. 45" sec. N. I have also told you that I have made a survey of the lake, and have taken observations, so that I feel competent to decide upon the question at issue, without bias or prejudice to any hypothesis.

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THE COURTS.

An Injured Firm Sues "The Times" for \$25,000.

How the Wheels of Justice Are Temporarily Blocked.

Record of Judgments and New Suits.

ANOTHER LITTLE SUIT.

After ten days ago the Times published an article about a column and a half in length, headed "Don't Pay as You Go," which charged the commission of F. W. Griswold & Co. with being swindlers, and advised all merchants to beware of them. Yesterday the firm wrote to the editor, to the effect that the article was libelous, and they began a suit against the paper for \$25,000 damages.

The wheels of justice were temporarily blocked.

Mr. Sear's recommendation lies on the table.

It would suggest that he should bring

the suit in four suits of mill

edred freight, and

suitable ammunition and

trunks of good quality.

That is what the paper

does, a few pieces of

trunks should bring

the suit to a standstill,

as well as binding, and

the red blanket, and a

a few chairs and tables

on the sale of these things

it should bring with it

an angry citizen, who

is apt to be black and

bloody, and black and

black and black and

<p

WASHINGTON.

Increasing Activity at All the Atlantic Coast Navy Yards.

Orders Issued to Put Ten More Iron-Clads in Commission.

Instructions to Naval Recruiting Agents to Enlist All Available Men.

The Non-Fulfillment of the Virginia Protocol Said to Be the Moving Cause.

Ex-Congressman Upson, of Ohio, Tended the Indian Commissionership.

Gen. Pope and Schofield Give Their Views on the Indian Question.

They Both Believe in Military Rule for Indian Reservations.

Another Batch of Interior Department Clerks Set Adrift.

Correct List of Contested Seats in the House of Representatives.

OUR GROWING NAVY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 30.—Advised received here through naval sources that the recently appointed naval commissioners have been sent to the Executive in the Navy Department. The expeditionary expedition—of Secretary Robeson during the past month have been of such a character and so lavish and continuous, that even the officers of the Treasury, through whose hands the money has passed, have been amazed and startled. That some good reason or plausible excuse for the consideration of Congress exists for this immense outlay has been generally conceded. Various explanations have been made, and even the Secretary himself has had something to say, but no adequate reason has yet been suggested. The newest explanation for the activity in the navy is a very plausible one, at least next right, and related to carrying out the protocol between Admiral Polk and Secretary Fish requiring the punishment of persons connected with the massacre of the officers and crew of the *Virginia*.

The protocol in question was signed Nov. 29, 1873, and provided that Spain should proceed against the persons who committed the acts complained of, and should assign them before competent courts, and inflict punishment on those who may have offended. It has been claimed that the Spanish Government, instead of carrying out that agreement, has allowed the offenders to escape, and has even promoted the principal offender, Dr. Burrell, under whose orders the crew of the *Virginia* were executed. This is the second instance of correspondence between the two governments, but the subject has not reached a point where it was necessary for the United States to assume a threatening attitude. It can be stated upon the part of Spain that the non-fulfillment of the terms of the protocol "has been the determining cause of the naval activity." A communication was received from Madrid at the State Department to-day, in which it was stated that Spain has decided to carry out the protocol by proceeding to try Burrell and the other officers who murdered the *Virginia* prisoners.

There is a silly rumor current that Secretary Fish intends to resign on account of disagreement about the naval preparations. *Brooklyn Navy-Yard.*—The naval forces have been received at the Brooklyn Navy-Yard to place ten more monitors in commission, and the various naval rendezvous throughout the country have been instructed to enlist available men of all grades.

A TALK WITH CUSHING.—It is reported that the Government used the table wires for some hours this forenoon in the interests of the proposed transfer of Secretary Fish and Minister Cushing to Madrid. Rumor said that Spain had remonstrated against the United States Government permitting the sale of Cuban tobacco in the United States, claiming their laws were in violation of international law.

THE LAST AMERICAN NOTE.—Portsmouth, N. H., Nov. 30.—The activity at the navy-yard increases, and an extra force will be taken on to-morrow. The United States minister Mexico will go into commission in a few days.

A COMMERCIAL TREATY SUGGESTED.—The *Evening Post*, in an editorial article to-day, urges the presentation of a commercial and political treaty of alliance and navigation between Spain and the United States, especially with regard to the commercial interests of Cuba.

THE SPEAKER.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 30.—The contest for the speakership grows warmer and warmer every day. A great number of Democratic representatives arrived in Washington to-day, and many of them are ranging themselves on one side or the other and interesting themselves for one or the other of the candidates still remaining. The majority of the Missouri delegation is now here. One member from that State voted for Randall, several for Cox on the first ballot, and the remainder for Kerr. The delegation from Missouri will transfer their support to Kerr when they discover Cox cannot be elected.

COUNTRY NOTES.

It is asserted that two of the Illinois members will vote for Kerr. The Old Guard is divided, supported by the majority, while the new supporters of Randall prefer to Kenly when the race crystallizes in caucus between those two. Mr. W. H. Muller, of St. Louis, has informed his constituents that he is not a unit in the West. One of Kerr's own friends stated to-night that his views were not in accordance with those of the speaker. He said that he knew Kerr would receive the moral support and influence of the powerful Free Trade interests of New York. Back of this is a host of wealth, and the influence of the bankers and brokers of Wall street and the National banking interests all over the country. What is gained to him in this direction, however, is lost in another. Whatever he gains in the South will from present appearances be offset against Kerr. A strong feeling for this

measure has been inaugurated in the Southern and Northwestern States. Kerr had proposed this measure in the fall, which he never had time to introduce in Congress during his membership. Randall likewise voted against the bill. This project carries with it the votes of a large number of Southern members. The report of the friends of the bill will probably be submitted in a day or two, as Gen. Throckmorton, of Texas, who champions the measure, is expected to night. If Randall is eventually successful in the race, his back-pay will probably have done more to place him second than any other known cause now operating against him.

THE NATIONAL WARDS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 30.—The report of Devels Maj.-Gen. John Pope, commanding the Department of the Missouri, after reviewing all the length of the campaign against hostile Indians in the Department during the past year, says:

"All bands of Indians in the Southwest, the Cheyennes and Arapahoes, Kiowas and Comanches, are now at their respective agencies and are peaceful. They have been quiet after a campaign of eight months of almost constant warfare, exposure and exposure, and after a heavy expense to the Government. They are brought there, too, entirely subdued, and in such condition that they will probably not be a factor in the next campaign. The Indians in the Northwest are not the leaden danger, if only they are further trouble with them, if only they are put in common humanity and deal with them as friends. They must be fed, they must be paid, they must be sheltered, and the cost of their maintenance will be far greater than the expense to the Government. They are brought there, too, entirely subdued, and in such condition that they will probably not be a factor in the next campaign. 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FINANCE AND TRADE.

the Banks Report a Quiet Demand for Accommodations.

New York Exchange Firm--The Clearings \$4,000,000.

The Produce Markets Steadier--Provisions Quiet--Grain Firm.

No Corner in November--Hogs Plenty and Weak.

FINANCIAL.

The business of the banks was without any new features of importance. There was a quiet demand from all sources for accommodations, but it was not noticeable, either for loans or for any new notes. The minimum rate of interest for any new note was 6 per cent., and this is thought by many, injurious to the fall market. The country is still asking for considerable amounts of currency and discounts. What negotiable paper is offering is mainly of good quality, and is readily taken by the banks. The loan market is moving toward greater ease, and there is little difficulty in finding the opponents desired for some time to come.

Rates of discount at the banks are \$310 per cent to regular customers; to good outside borrowers, when there are any such, concessions from these rates are freely made.

On the streets there is an abundance of lounable funds, and no paper of paper to put it into. Rates are 6½ per cent.

The country demand for New York exchange was large, and the price was somewhat firmer. Sales were made at 300 discount between banks for \$1,000.

The shipments of currency to the country continue, though not on a large scale.

The bank clearings were \$9,000,000.

THE DUTY ON COFFEE.

It is generally understood that the Government will propose to Congress to restore the duties on tea and coffee. To gain support for this measure, a dispatch has been made public from our Minister to Brazil, in which he urges the Brazilian government to propose that the restoration of Brazil be aided by the duty repeated to their prior. The New York Daily Bulletin refuses to believe this statement. It advances against it Minister Partridge's own figures in a report to Secretary Fish, dated March 20, 1873, and published by the Bureau of Statistics. It shows from his schedule that the amount of coffee imported into Brazil in 1872 was in prior to one-half only one-quarter of the duty taken off, but that in three months this advance was lost. In November and December the certainty of a short crop carried up the price, but it still kept within a fraction of the duty. The following shows that Mr. Partridge's statistics of the exports of coffee from Brazil are entirely incorrect as published. They put the exports at only one-twentieth of their real value. It replaces them by a table drawn from trustworthy trade sources:

EXPORTS OF COFFEE FROM BRAZIL.

Year.	Quantity.	Value.
1872.	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
1873.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1874.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1875.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1876.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1877.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1878.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1879.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1880.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1881.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1882.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1883.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1884.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1885.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1886.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1887.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1888.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1889.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1890.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1891.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1892.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1893.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1894.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1895.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1896.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1897.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1898.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1899.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1900.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1901.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1902.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1903.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1904.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1905.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1906.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1907.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1872.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1873.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
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1906.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1907.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
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1889.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1890.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1891.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1892.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1893.	1,000,000	\$10,000,000
1894.	1,000	

THE CITY.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Internal Revenue receipts for this district for the month of November were a little over \$220,000.

Courier Club held an inquest yesterday afternoon on the body of a male child at No. 205 Dayton street. It accidentally fell into a vessel of boiling water.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by Minnace, optician, 88 Madison street (Tanner Building), was at 8 a.m., 15 degrees; 10 a.m., 20; 12 m., 25; 3 p.m., 30; 8 p.m., 32.

Judge H. H. Magruder recommended about the Black Hawk and Yellowstone Valley to a lecture at the Atheneum last evening. The lecture was interesting, and contained much information about that portion of the country.

The Rev. A. Damon, S. J., lectures Sunday evening in St. Mary's Church, corner of Wabash and Madison streets, "The Trials and Triumphs of the Church." The price will be used to reduce the debt of St. Joseph's Hospital.

The ladies of the Presbyterian Church of Evanston will give luncheons at No. 163 East Madison street to-day. All who desire a good square meal for \$1.50 can have it, and the money thus obtained will be used in the work of the Society in restoring their edifice, which was destroyed by fire, and are asked to patronize them.

The condition of the residents of Indian Territory, and the policy of Government towards the Indian tribes, formed the subject-matter of an interesting lecture delivered yesterday by George C. Gough, by Col. E. C. Remond, a full-blooded Indian, and a prominent lawyer of the Territory.

A carriage-wagon, driven by Alfred Wells, was run into early yesterday morning at 8 o'clock on the Franklin Avenue and Belmont street. One of the horses was killed outright. The wagon was smashed to pieces, and the driver was badly injured, but was thought to be in no danger of death. The horses ran away. The man at the wheel was given the necessary warning, but he heedlessly drove straight ahead.

Bishop and Mrs. Cheyney have returned from a vacation of several weeks spent in the West. Bishop has been absent from Chicago, and has been occupied and repaid, and will be opened again Sunday, when the Bishop will occupy his pulpit as usual. Wednesday and Thursday of next week the ladies of the congregation will be invited to a tea-party in the parlor of the church, when all who desire to do so may meet the Bishop in person.

Yesterday afternoon the West Chicago avenue police found the body of a woman floating in the river near Division street bridge. Her name was Mrs. Clara M. Carlson, who has been missing since Nov. 20. The remains were taken to her late residence, No. 121 Hickory avenue. The deceased was a widow, aged 35 years, and was 22 years old when she died.

A correspondent asks why the West Side Street Railway Company does not extend its Madison street tracks to Central Park, and they officials generally have been well aware that this position was at best but a sinecure,—in fact, worse, as it was merely a clog on the wheels of the police administration. Whatever the Superintendent of Police might adopt had first to pass the critical eve of the City Marshal before becoming an order, and as the City Marshal was some outsider who knew little or nothing about police affairs, while the Superintendent was a former patrolman who had worked himself up in the Department, nothing could be done.

An inoffensive creature named Augustus Anderson was "held up" last night in a saloon at No. 106 Michigan avenue, and the police were summoned to the scene of the robbery. The police had no time to search the place, and the robbery was the result, and no time was left for action. Since the office was vacated by Mr. Donnelly, Capt. Hickey has succeeded to the Superintendent, and his appointment is to be ratified by the Board of Aldermen, who are to meet at 10 a.m. to-morrow.

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A correspondent asks why the West Side Street Railway Company does not extend its Madison street tracks to Central Park, and they officials generally have been well aware that this position was at best but a sinecure,—in fact, worse, as it was merely a clog on the wheels of the police administration. Whatever the Super-

intendent of Police might adopt had first to pass the critical eve of the City Marshal before becoming an order, and as the City Marshal was some outsider who knew little or nothing about police affairs, while the Superintendent was a former patrolman who had worked himself up in the Department, nothing could be done.